



全品学练考

LEARN
PRACTISE
TEST

练 习 册

高中英语
必修3 新课标 (RJ)

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Period One Warming Up & Reading

课内基础自测

夯实基础 检测知识

I. 单句填空

- We had a music evening with the whole family _____ (gather) round the piano yesterday.
- She is a very _____ (religion) person who goes to church every Sunday.
- We are looking forward to _____ (see) the film to be shown in the cinema this weekend.
- John decided to hold a party _____ (celebrate) his mother's birthday.
- With great encouragement from my teacher, I _____ (gain) and finally built up my confidence.
- He held a strong _____ (believe) that he could succeed through his hard work.
- Lewis was much _____ (admire) for his work on the advanced medical research.
- When I got into the office, I found Mr Green buried in his work, without noticing my _____ (arrive).
- He would rather starve to _____ (die) than shamelessly beg for his life.
- It was also believed that witches(女巫) liked to play _____ (trick) on people.
- They held a party _____ celebration of their fiftieth wedding anniversary.
- They'll either die from the cold or starve _____ death.
- The film was made in memory _____ the soldiers who were devoted to the liberation of our motherland.
- On April 1st, Jim tried to play a trick _____ his teacher but the teacher wasn't taken _____.
- The school awarded Tom a prize _____ his good work.

II. 短语填空

play a trick on; take place; have fun with; as though; day and night; in memory of; dress up; be meant to; starve to death; in celebration of

- When the earthquake _____, the windows broke into pieces.
- I have decided that the best thing I can do _____ him is to work.
- Jane's sister _____ her—she put orange juice in her shampoo bottle!
- People love to get together to eat, drink and _____ each other.
- In the past, poor workers worked _____, but they still lived a sad life.
- They talked _____ they had been friends for a long time.
- Both children and adults _____ on Halloween.
- The animals were left to _____.
- We held a large party _____ our school's 30th anniversary.
- The play _____ be really good.

III. 句型训练

- He looked about _____ something.
他四处张望,好像在寻找什么。
- At that time many patients would die because the special medicine _____.
在那时,因为很难找到这种特殊的药,很多病人常常会死亡。
- _____ we go now _____ we remain here forever.
要么我们现在走,要么我们永远在这儿待下去。
- Li Ming is fond of Miss Li because Miss Li treats him as if he _____ her own child.
李明喜欢李老师,因为李老师待他就像对待自己的孩子一样。
- What _____ you're doing?
你以为你在干什么?

课后巩固提升

精选试题 提升能力

IV. 阅读理解

Christmas, which falls on Dec. 25 every year, is the most important festival in the West.

During Christmas, a big fat man in a red suit usually takes centre stage. His name is Santa Claus.

He lives in the North Pole and sends presents to children in a magic sled(雪橇) that is pulled by flying reindeer(驯鹿).

It sounds crazy, but Santa Claus is very popular. Small children around the world even leave food out for Santa and his reindeer on the night before Christmas. When they wake up in the morning, some of the food is eaten and there are presents under the Christmas tree.

As you grow older you learn that Santa is not real and it is in fact just your parents. I was about 7 or 8 years old when I figured it out for myself. But that doesn't stop people celebrating Christmas in the same way.

So where did Santa Claus come from? Santa was actually a real man called Saint Nicholas, which sounds very similar to Santa Claus. He was born about 2,000 years ago in the Roman Empire(罗马帝国). He was a very kind priest(神父) who would travel the country to help people, giving gifts late at night. He did not like to be seen giving gifts, so children were encouraged to go to sleep quickly. Nothing has changed today, with Santa Claus not visiting until all the children are asleep.

The United States version(版本) of Santa Claus was started when Dutch settlers(荷兰移民) arrived about 400 years ago. They called him Sinterklaas and that was slowly changed to Santa Claus over the years. Once big companies like Coca-Cola began to use Santa Claus in their advertisements, he quickly became a symbol of Christmas.

- Which of the following about Santa Claus is NOT true according to the traditional story?
 - He is very popular during Christmas.
 - He lives in the North Pole.
 - He sends presents to kids in a sled.
 - He is a poor man with no food to eat.
- When he knew the fact about Santa, the writer _____.
 - didn't believe his parents
 - didn't enjoy Christmas anymore

C. still celebrated Christmas

D. celebrated Christmas in a different way

- What do we know about Saint Nicholas?
 - He was born in the Roman Empire.
 - He was a very kind priest.
 - He used gifts to make kids go to sleep quickly.
 - He asked Santa Claus to do his job for him.

A. ab B. ac C. bc D. bd
- What does the last paragraph talk about?
 - The United States version of Santa Claus.
 - How US people celebrate Christmas.
 - History of the United States.
 - Coca-Cola and Santa Claus.

V. 语法填空

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

A few days ago some of the world's most famous musicians gathered in Paris and New Orleans to celebrate the first International Jazz Day. UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization) recently set April 30 as a day 1. _____ (raise) awareness (认识) of jazz music and its importance across 2. _____ (culture).

3. _____ (actual) in America the jazz audience continues to decrease and grow older, and the music has failed to connect with younger generations.

It's Jason Moran's job to help change that. As the Kennedy Centre's artistic 4. _____ (advise) for jazz, Moran hopes to help more people appreciate jazz and preserve its history and culture.

Moran says one of the problems 5. _____ jazz today is that the music can't entertain people. In his opinion, the music can't 6. _____ (present) today the way it was in 1908 or 1958. It has to continue to move, because the way the world works is not 7. _____ same.

Last year, Moran 8. _____ (arrange) Fats Waller's music, 9. _____ was generally considered to be concert music, for a dance party. What he wants is that people understand how we humans talk about 10. _____ (we) through music and how music gets us into a dialogue about our emotions and our thoughts.

Period Two Learning about Language & Using Language

课内基础自测

夯实基础 检测知识

I. 用所给词的适当形式填空

1. She was _____ (fool) out of all her savings.
2. People _____ (remind) that driving after drinking could be dangerous.
3. I can't forgive you for your making a fool of me in the public, although you have _____ (apology) to me for it.
4. He _____ (forgive) her for not understanding the story.
5. An old man started to wipe my car glass without _____ (permit) while I was waiting for the green light.
6. You must be _____ (starve)! Come and have lunch.
7. _____ (obvious), the boss was more than satisfied with my answer.
8. He had attempted to rescue the _____ (drown) man.
9. It is obvious that good friends should share joy and _____ (sad) with each other.
10. The little girl was _____ (weep) there, because she was told that her cat was drowned in the river.

II. 短语填空

set off; play a trick on; keep one's word; turn up; have great fun; look forward to; in memory of; dress up; hold one's breath; take place

1. Great changes have _____ recently in this mountain area.
2. We all trust him, because he is a person who always _____.
3. Something must be wrong, because she hasn't _____.
4. The children _____ on New Year's Eve.
5. His friends decided to _____ him at the wedding celebration.

6. They'll _____ fireworks to celebrate their National Day.
7. I hated leaving little Emily, but I _____ seeing my mother again.
8. All of them _____ when they saw the accident happen.
9. I wrote a long poem _____ Robert, who used to be my old friend as well as my teacher.
10. It's a small informal party—you don't have to _____.

III. 句型训练

1. It is strange that he _____ yesterday.
真奇怪他昨天竟然错过会议。
2. _____ mobile phones are quite popular today.
显而易见手机现在很流行。
3. _____, he met with the singer and they became good friends.
当在大学学习时,他见到了这位歌手并与之成了好朋友。
4. You can't leave the lab _____.
未经老师许可你不能离开实验室。
5. _____ we'll see you this weekend?
我们本周末有可能见到你吗?
6. It is (high/about) time we _____ a big party.
现在该是我们举行一个大型聚会的时候了。
7. Mary made coffee while her guests _____ their meal.
客人们就要吃完饭的时候,玛丽去煮咖啡了。
8. While the news, so far, _____, there may be days ahead when it is bad.
尽管到现在为止还都是好消息,但是可能过不了几天就会有坏消息传来。

课后巩固提升

精选试题 提升能力

IV. 阅读理解

Unlike most other holidays, the history of April Fool's Day, sometimes called All Fools' Day, is not totally clear. The only point in time that can be agreed on as the beginning of this tradition was 1508, in France. Before that year, the New Year was celebrated for eight days, beginning on March 25. The celebration reached the highest point on April 1. With the reform of the calendar under Charles IX, the Gregorian calendar(公历, 阳历) was introduced, and the New Year's Day was moved to January 1.

However, because in those days communications were not as developed as they are today, many people did not receive the news for several years. Some people refused to accept the new calendar and continued to celebrate the New Year on April 1. These backward people were considered "fools" by other people. They were often sent on "fools" errands(差事) or were made the targets of jokes.

This developed, over time, into a tradition of playing a trick on someone on the first day of April. The tradition eventually spread to England and Scotland in the eighteenth century. It was later introduced to the American colonies of both Britain and France. April Fool's Day thus developed into an international fun feast, so to speak, with different nationalities specializing in their own kind of humour at the expense of their friends and families.

1. According to an earlier calendar, New Year's Day in France was on _____.
A. March 20 B. January 1
C. April 1 D. April 13
2. What was people's attitude towards the new calendar?
A. They accepted it happily.
B. They refused it immediately.
C. Some recognized it.
D. Some laughed at it.
3. The passage mainly tells us _____.
A. what the French did on April Fool's Day
B. how April Fool's Day came into being

C. when was the new calendar introduced

D. why some people were fooled in France

V. 阅读七选五

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Bank holidays! We all love them!

A bank holiday is an English term for a public holiday. During the day banks and offices are closed and a lot of people have a day off work. In the UK, people only get eight bank holidays in one year. 1

People in Colombia are much luckier. There are twenty bank holidays for the whole country in one year! And there can be even more, depending on which region(地区) you live in. 2

As in the UK, most of the bank holidays in Colombia exist for religious reasons.

3 One such example is Independence Day on 20 July every year. This is just like Bastille Day in France on 14 July.

4 It is in memory of the day that Christopher Columbus first reached America in the year 1492.

Bank holidays are very important for western people.

5 They may also choose to stay at home to relax and forget about work.

- A. Bank holidays are different in Colombia.
- B. During the holidays, they often travel with their families.
- C. This is because different regions have their own holidays.
- D. And at least five of those are around Christmas time and Easter.
- E. Every country on the continent of America celebrates Columbus Day.
- F. Another historical bank holiday in Colombia is Columbus Day on 12 October.
- G. However, some bank holidays in Colombia came into being for historical reasons.

Period Three Grammar

课内基础自测

夯实基础 检测知识

I. 根据语境完成下列句子

1. Billy has come to see you in your flat. You offer him something to drink.

You: _____

Billy: No, thank you. I'm not thirsty.

2. You need help to change the film in your camera. You ask Kate.

You: Kate, I don't know how to change the film.

Kate: Sure. It's easy. All you have to do is this.

3. You're on a bus. You have a seat but an elderly woman is standing. You offer her your seat.

You: _____

Woman: Oh, that's very kind of you. Thank you very much.

4. You've finished your supper in a restaurant and now you want the bill. You ask the waiter.

You: _____

Waiter: OK. I'll get it for you.

5. You're the passenger in a taxi. The driver is driving very fast. You ask him to slow down.

You: You're making me very nervous. _____

Driver: Oh, I'm sorry. I didn't realize I was going so fast.

II. 用适当的情态动词和所给词的适当形式填空

1. You've been working all day. You _____ be very tired.

2. (The doorbell rings.) I wonder who that is. It _____ be Lisa. She's still in the library at this time.

3. It is a long time since we met last time. You _____ come and see me more often.

4. I haven't decided where I'm going for my holidays. I _____ go to Australia.

5. My father's birthday is coming. What _____ I get him?

6. Why don't you try on this dress? It _____ look nice on you.

7. —Who was the man talking with your teacher?

—I'm not sure. It _____ be her brother.

8. I don't know when the guests can be here. They _____ arrive at any time.

9. Bobby _____ have told me your secret, but he meant no harm.

10. It _____ (not be) Mary. She has fallen ill.

11. The poor boy _____ (have to, leave) school for lack of money three years ago.

12. The road is wet. It _____ (rain) last night.

13. The door was locked. She _____ (not be) at home.

14. They are playing basketball. They _____ (finish) their homework.

15. The plant is dead. I _____ (give) it more water.

16. I saw him just now so he _____ (not go) abroad.

III. 根据提示完成句子

1. I _____ I have certainly come to enjoy camping. (must)

我必须得说我开始喜欢野营了。

2. _____ you _____ have lunch with me? (would)

你愿意和我一起吃饭吗?

3. Do as I tell you and you _____. (shall)

照我的话做,你就会获释的。

4. You _____ books in bed. (must)

不要在床上看书。

5. You _____ too much about your mother's health. (need)

你不必太担心你母亲的健康。

6. Some online courses of spoken Chinese _____ for you. (can)

一些网上汉语口语课程会对你有帮助。

7. Thank you for all your hard work last week. I don't think we _____ it without your help. (could)

感谢你们上周的努力工作。我认为如果没有你们的帮助我们不可能做成这件事。

8. Jack _____ yet; otherwise he would have telephoned me. (can)

杰克肯定没到,否则的话他就给我打电话了。

9. Sam, you mustn't play with the knife; you _____ . (may)

萨姆,不要玩刀子,你可能会伤到你自己。

10. —Shall I tell John about it?

—No, you _____. I've told him already. (need)

“要我告诉约翰这件事吗?”

“不,没必要。我已经告诉他了。”

课后巩固提升

精选试题 提升能力

IV. 完形填空

I was a single parent of four small children, working at a low-paid job. Money was always tight, but I 1 to make ends meet, and if not a lot, 2 we had enough. Not knowing we were poor, my kids just thought I was 3. I'd always been glad about that.

It was Christmastime, and although there wasn't 4 for a lot of gifts, we planned to celebrate with a family party. But the big 5 for the kids was the fun of Christmas 6. They planned weeks ahead of time, asking 7 what they wanted for Christmas. 8, I had saved \$120 for gifts to share by all five of us.

The big day 9. I gave each kid a twenty-dollar bill and 10 them to look for 11 of about four dollars each. Then everyone went away excitedly. We had two hours to shop and 12 back at the "Santa's Workshop".

Driving home, everyone was in high Christmas spirits, 13 my youngest daughter, Ginger, who was unusually 14. She had only one small, flat bag with a few candies—fifty-cent candies! I was very doubtful but I didn't say anything 15 we got home. I called her into my bedroom and closed the door. This is what she told me:

"I was looking 16 thinking of what to buy when I 17 to read the little cards on the 'Giving Trees'. One was for a little girl, four years old, and all she 18 for Christmas was a doll. So I took the card off the tree and 19 the doll for her. We have so much and she doesn't have anything."

I never felt so 20 as I did that day.

1. A. failed B. managed
C. meant D. wished
2. A. at least B. at most
C. at first D. at last
3. A. busy B. serious
C. strict D. kind
4. A. reason B. room
C. time D. money
5. A. question B. problem
C. pleasure D. treasure
6. A. shopping B. travelling
C. parties D. greetings
7. A. every other B. each other
C. one by one D. the other
8. A. Strangely B. Luckily
C. Hardly D. Sadly
9. A. went B. arose
C. reached D. arrived

10. A. requested B. commanded
C. advised D. forced
11. A. toys B. clothes
C. presents D. bargains
12. A. returned B. met
C. sat D. moved
13. A. except B. besides
C. including D. regarding
14. A. excited B. ashamed
C. happy D. quiet
15. A. since B. after
C. until D. while
16. A. out B. over
C. forward D. around
17. A. forgot B. remembered
C. happened D. explored
18. A. wanted B. did
C. got D. gave
19. A. searched B. found
C. brought D. bought
20. A. calm B. rich
C. well D. peaceful

V. 短文改错

Li Bai was a great poet in the Tang Dynasty of China. It's said that in his childhood, he was very fond playing and afraid of difficulties, and made no effort in her studies. One day, in his way home after school, he walked by a creek and saw the old woman grinding a very, very thick iron rod. Being curious, he went to the old woman and ask, "Old grandma, why are you grinding this iron rod?" The old woman replied, "To making a needle." At this moment, Li Bai felt more curious and asked again, "How can you grind such a thick iron rod that into a needle?" "Yes. I can. Certainly can," the old woman said. "If one works with constantly efforts, one can grind an iron rod into a needle." Hearing how the old woman said, Li Bai was enlightened. Since then, Li Bai studied hard and made rapid progresses. Eventually he became a famous poet.

Period Four Writing

课内基础自测

夯实基础 检测知识

I. 基础写作专练:在空白处填入适当的连词

- Start out right away, _____ you'll miss the first train.
- I worked hard at English and devoted all my spare time to practising it, _____ I failed to pass the midterm examination.
- It _____ gave us a chance to get close to nature, _____ gave us relaxation from our study.
- Be more confident _____ you will win the competition.
- It must be snowing, _____ it's so bright outside.
- We were about to go out _____ it started to rain.
- Our maths teacher is strict _____ our English teacher is outgoing.
- She had failed many times, _____ she was confident that she would succeed in the end.

课后巩固提升

精选试题 提升能力

II. 阅读理解

A

Thanksgiving is an important festival in North America. We interviewed several students from the USA and Canada. Here is what they have told us about their Thanksgiving experiences.

**Josie from New York, USA**

"In America, Thanksgiving is celebrated every year at the end of November. It is to remember the first group of people from Europe to live in America. When they first arrived, they found the environment strange. But they learned to survive after some native American friends showed them how to grow and find food. Thanksgiving is meant to be a traditional celebration."

Todd from California, USA

"Thanksgiving is the first day of Christmas shopping. That means we have four weeks to buy Christmas presents for our families and friends. For me and my friends, the most important part of the festival is the big football game on TV. The match is watched by millions of people all over America. Thanksgiving is seen as an exciting day for football!"

Ian from Saskatoon, Canada

"In Canada, Thanksgiving is held on the second Monday in October. On the Sunday before Thanksgiving Day, many people

go to church. Thanks are given for all the good things that happened to them during the year. I always give thanks for the nice big turkey I'm going to have at the family dinner! Like all festivals, Thanksgiving is about food!"

Katie from the Maritimes, Canada

"On Thanksgiving Day, we have dinner with all our cousins, aunts and uncles. It is always very busy. Sometimes we have two Thanksgiving dinners because we go to both our grandparents' houses. The dinner is usually attended by more than twenty people at each house! My mother and my aunts do all the cooking but the washing-up is done by me and my cousins. And that's not an easy job! But I don't mind because Thanksgiving is meant to be a time to give thanks."

- People in the USA and Canada _____.
 - all have the same opinion of Thanksgiving
 - have different opinions of Thanksgiving
 - feel that Thanksgiving is about food
 - have no interest in Thanksgiving
- When is Thanksgiving celebrated every year in Canada?
 - On the second Monday in October.
 - On the second Monday in November.
 - At the end of October.
 - At the end of November.
- Where does the person who thinks that Thanksgiving is a traditional celebration come from?
 - New York.
 - California.
 - Saskatoon.
 - The Maritimes.

4. What is the main idea of this passage?
- A. Students learn to give thanks on Thanksgiving.
 - B. Many students like spending Thanksgiving at home.
 - C. Students have different experiences on Thanksgiving.
 - D. Thanksgiving is an important festival in North America.

B

This year I'm buying presents for 16 children as well as my own daughter, Mia-Grace, who will be two on Christmas Day. My tree will be beautifully decorated. I'm bringing the turkey to the family Christmas lunch and having an open house activity on Boxing Day. And the whole thing is only going to cost me \$ 150.

I've been careful with money since I was a teenager, for I came from a poor family with many children. I had to drop out of high school to earn money to support myself. I remember well that I went a bit mad back then when I got my first credit card and my parents had to leave me from home and cared little for me from then, which taught me a real lesson.

We're very careful now and we don't overspend or owe anything on credit cards. I work for an electrician and my husband Neil, 33, works in the construction business. We're concerned about our jobs because our companies are quiet at the moment.

We've also been hit by rising prices, particularly food, petrol, gas and electricity. Everyone I know is worried. One of my friends' husbands has just gone self-employed and if he doesn't work, they have no money coming in.

Christmas has been playing on my mind for the past three or four months. We decided on a budget of \$ 150 because that's just under my weekly wage and it meant we could afford Christmas while using Neil's salary for our essential bills.

We quickly realized that we buy some things every year just for the sake of it. Even though we have lots of decorations already, we usually buy something new for the tree but this Christmas we're not going to. We've already got our tree—a big man-made one which I bought at half-price in the January sales. It will last us for years.

After all, no one can escape from this financial crisis which is spreading throughout the globe.

5. We can infer that Boxing Day most probably falls on _____.
- A. January 20
 - B. May 5
 - C. October 24
 - D. December 26

6. Which of the following is TRUE about the author according to this passage?
- A. She has bought Christmas presents for 16 children in total.
 - B. She has bought a man-made Christmas tree at a low price.
 - C. Both the author and her husband are already out of work now.
 - D. She would like to buy a new Christmas tree for this Christmas.
7. The second and third paragraphs mainly tell us _____.
- A. why the author has been very careful with money
 - B. how she finished her education of high school
 - C. where she earned her first money in her teens
 - D. when she left home and got married to her husband
8. We can conclude from this passage _____.
- A. the author often quarrels with her husband about their little earnings
 - B. nobody but the author was worried about the rising prices
 - C. the author has never been worried about losing jobs
 - D. the author and those around her are suffering from the financial crisis

III. 书面表达

假定你是李华,你的美国朋友 John 对中国的传统节日感兴趣。请你用英语给他写一封邮件,简要介绍端午节。

要点如下:

- 1. 端午节的起源和意义;
- 2. 端午节的庆祝活动;
- 3. 你的看法。

注意:1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

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单元小测 (一)

I. 单句填空

- _____ (obvious), the boy has a talent for music.
- The school is widely _____ (admire) for its excellent teaching.
- He _____ (apology) to the public for the delay in announcing the information.
- The old man has kept regular hours since he was young, so he is still healthy and _____ (energy) in his eighties.
- Either the judge or the lawyers _____ (be) wrong on the case at that moment.
- He jumped into the river to rescue the _____ (drown) child.
- How can I drive away these feelings of _____ (sad)?
- China is changing from a poor _____ (agriculture) country into an advanced industrial one.
- We should not laugh at other people's _____ (religion) beliefs.
- Being short of food, many people _____ (starve) to death.
- The pictures remind me _____ my school days.
- He promised to come, but so far he hasn't turned _____ yet.
- I must apologize _____ calling you so late.
- He has great belief _____ his doctor.
- Though he knew they were playing tricks _____ him, he pretended not to notice it.

II. 阅读理解

The best festivals in Europe

Whether they're in the countryside or a post-industrial landscape, Europe's yearly festival calendar means new events, old favourites, crazy people and great charm.

OFF Festival, Poland

A small festival in Katowice in south-west Poland, OFF has, over the past 10 years, built an international audience thanks to a challenging and interesting mix of acts. This year's selection focuses on female artists; singer-songwriters Feist and PJ Harvey headline, while Swedish pop singer Anna von Hausswolff and classical composer turned electronic producer Anna Meredith are also on the bill. Meanwhile, the experimental poetry and performance project by Moor Mother will undoubtedly be an unmissable show.

4—6 August, £ 55, off-festival.pl

Melt! Festival, Germany

What would Melt! Festival be without its “sleepless stage”—a non-stop music marathon that runs from Saturday morning to midday on Monday? The German festival for those who love an all-hours party takes place in Ferropolis, Gräfenhainichen. This year, the festival celebrates its 20th anniversary, bringing 20,000 people together. A party train from Cologne also serves as your weekend accommodation! A worthy summer alternative to a party weekend in Berlin.

14—16 July, £ 140, meltfestival.de

Primavera Sound, Portugal and Spain

A festival that has rapidly grown to attract visitors from across Europe with its electronic music, guitar-led acts and plenty of sunshine, Primavera Sound takes place in Barcelona and, since 2012, also in Porto, under the name NOS Primavera Sound. The Barcelona edition takes place across five days with an abundance of DJs on call to keep people dancing, while the smaller, three-day Porto festival has Bicep, Nicolas Jaar and Richie Hawtin, who will be doing a closing performance on the Friday night.

Barcelona 31 May—4 June, £ 195; Porto 8—10 June, £ 110, primaverasound.com

- When can people take part in OFF Festival in Poland?
 - On 5 August.
 - On 3 August.
 - Before 3 August.
 - After 6 August.
- What can be learned about OFF Festival?
 - Only male artists can join in the festival.
 - It's a festival known all around the world.
 - The festival is free of charge for all the people.
 - Moor Mother's poetry will be doubted by people.
- What can people do at Melt! Festival, Germany this year?
 - Run a marathon with other people.
 - Take part in an all-hours party in Katowice.
 - Enjoy music together with 20,000 people.
 - Take weekend accommodation in their own houses.
- What do the festivals in the text have in common?
 - They all take place in Germany.
 - Their participants are all females.
 - They all take place in August.
 - They are all concerned with music.

III. 完形填空

“None of us get out of life alive, so be brave and be thankful for all the opportunities (机会) you have.” Those were 1 words said by 18-year-old Jake Bailey, a cancer patient.

Bailey was in the leading position of the Students' Union. The young man had planned to 2 at his high school's end-of-year ceremony (典礼) on schedule. 3, just the week before, he received shocking 4. After several weeks of not feeling well, tests showed that he had a fast-growing form of cancer. Doctors said, without 5, he would only have weeks to live, so they didn't 6 him to take part in the event. But Bailey put on his school uniform along with his 7 face and left his hospital bed to give the inspiring speech to his 8. Without doubt, his surprise appearance 9 everyone at the ceremony. Sitting in the wheelchair, he began to 10 his ideas. He expressed that a strong-willed person would not easily 11, no matter how hard life was.

At the speech, Bailey encouraged his schoolmates to 12 their time. “The future is truly in our hands. 13 about having impractical long-term dreams. Let's be 14 to short-term goals.” He 15, “We don't know where we might end up, or when we will end up, so work with pride on what is 16 us.”

When the senior 17 his speech with the school's 18, “Altiora Peto,” which means “I fight for higher things”, the entire room burst into cheers. 19, Bailey's message was heard loud and clear. Bailey then closed his eyes and 20 the words “Thank you”.

- A. unbelievable B. genuine
C. inspiring D. amazing
- A. speak B. chat
C. sing D. debate
- A. So B. Instead
C. Besides D. However
- A. fault B. attack
C. news D. pain
- A. doubt B. hope
C. treatment D. delay
- A. persuade B. allow
C. warn D. organize
- A. determined B. frightened
C. satisfied D. surprised
- A. friends B. family
C. schoolmates D. room-mates
- A. amused B. shocked
C. affected D. frightened
- A. explain B. form
C. share D. change

- A. turn up B. give in
C. break up D. cut down
- A. gain B. treasure
C. spend D. spare
- A. Talk B. Forget
C. Care D. Dream
- A. devoted B. limited
C. admitted D. lost
- A. continued B. reminded
C. sighed D. cried
- A. in place of B. in front of
C. in charge of D. in search of
- A. replaced B. ended
C. began D. decorated
- A. motto B. principle
C. rule D. opinion
- A. Finally B. Obviously
C. Actually D. Entirely
- A. mouthed B. typed
C. recorded D. wrote

IV. 语法填空

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The seventh day of the seventh lunar month, called the Chinese Valentine's Day, is the only Chinese festival 1. _____ (connect) with love in the lunar calendar. Valentine's Day in China usually 2. _____ (fall) in August.

3. _____ the evening of the 7th day of the 7th lunar month, Niulang and Zhinü meet on a bridge of magpies across the Milky Way. If it rains that night, the rain will be the tears of Niulang and Zhinü.

Compared with love stories in western legends (传说), 4. _____ story of Niulang and Zhinü seems not so romantic. They just wait patiently on the riverbank, 5. _____ (believe) that their love can be worth their not staying together. Unlike St Valentine's Day in other 6. _____ (country), there is not so much importance on giving chocolates, 7. _____ (beauty) flowers and kisses. Instead, Chinese girls prepare fruits, melons and so on as offerings to Zhinü. They ask Zhinü to give them wisdom and high skills in making hand-made arts with needles in the hope of finding their satisfactory husbands. On that day, people in love like to go to the local temple and hope 8. _____ (get) their love and possible marriage.

At night, people sit outdoors to observe the stars 9. _____ (happy). Some old people say that if you stand under a grapevine (葡萄藤), you can probably overhear 10. _____ Niulang and Zhinü are talking about.